



**CORPORACIÓN ANDINA DE FOMENTO (CAF)  
XIII ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON  
*TRADE AND INVESTMENT IN THE AMERICAS***

**STATISTICAL APPENDIX**

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## STATISTICAL APPENDIX

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## **I. GENERAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS:**

### **NATIONAL ACCOUNTS AND OTHER INDICATORS**

#### **GDP (current prices, US \$ billions)**

<b>COUNTRY</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009*</b>	<b>2010*</b>
Brazil	554	506	552	664	882	1,089	1,334	1,573*	1,269	1317
Mexico	673	702	700	759	849	952	1025	1,088*	827	863
Argentina	269	98	128	152	182	213	260	327	310	312
Venezuela	123	93	83	113	144	184	228	319	294	304
Colombia	93	93	92	114	145	163	208	241*	199	205
Chile	69	67	74	96	118	147	164	170	136	136
Peru	54	57	61	70	79	92	107	128	123	130
Ecuador	21	25	29	33	37	41	46	53	50	53
Dominican Republic	24.9	22.3	20.2	21.6	33.5	35.3	41.0	45.6	45.9	50.6
Guatemala	18.8	20.8	21.9	24.0	27.3	30.3	34.0	39.0	38.1	39.1
Uruguay	20.9	13.4	12.1	13.7	17.5	20.0	24.4	32.3	29.2	29.8
Costa Rica	16.4	16.8	17.5	18.6	20.0	22.5	26.3	29.8	30.2	31
Trinidad and Tobago	8.8	9.0	11.3	13.2	16.0	19.4	21.7	24.8*	25.0	26.5
Panama	11.8	12.3	12.9	14.2	15.5	17.1	19.5	23.1	25.1	26.9
El Salvador	13.8	14.3	15.0	15.8	17.1	18.7	20.4	22.1	23.0	23.5
Bolivia	8.2	7.9	8.1	8.8	9.6	11.5	13.3	17.4	18.2	20.2
Paraguay	6.4	5.1	5.6	6.9	7.5	9.3	12.2	16.0	14.8	15.1
Jamaica	8.1	8.5	8.2	8.8	9.7	11.5	12.4	14.4*	12.8	13.2
Honduras	7.6	7.8	8.1	8.8	9.7	10.8	12.4	14.1*	16.5	18.2
Haiti	3.6	3.5	3.0	3.5	4.3	4.8	6.1	6.7*	7.0	7.4
Nicaragua	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.9	5.3	5.7	6.4	6.6	6.7
Barbados	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.7*	3.8	4.0

\* Projected/estimated values.

Note: Countries listed from largest to smallest economies according to 2008 GDP.

Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2009 Edition, IMF,  
<http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2008/01/weodata/index.aspx>. Accessed July 2, 2009.

**GDP Adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) - Current prices, US\$ billions**

<b>COUNTRY</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008*</b>	<b>2009*</b>	<b>2010*</b>
Brazil	1,277	1,334	1,378	1,495	1,585	1,701	1,845*	1,981	1,974	2,025
Mexico	1,066	1,094	1,136	1,232	1,298	1,409	1,495*	1,548	1,505	1,527
Argentina	331	300	333	373	420	470	524	573	569	576
Colombia	236	246	263	284	311	343	379*	397	400	407
Venezuela	218	202	191	231	264	301	335	359	354	354
Peru	131	140	148	161	176	196	219	246	257	270
Chile	153	159	169	183	199	214	231	243	246	254
Ecuador	65	68	72	80	88	94*	99*	107	106	107
Dominican Republic	46.2	49.7	50.6	50.5	56.0	63.9	71.2	76.3	77.4	79.3
Guatemala	43.9	46.4	48.5	50.9	53.1	57.8	63.0	67.0	68.3	69.8
Costa Rica	28.1	29.4	31.9	34.2	37.3	41.9	46.3	48.7	49.4	50.4
El Salvador	29.8	31	32.4	33.8	36.1	38.8	41.7	43.7	44.1	44.5
Bolivia	27.3	28.4	29.8	31.9	34.5	37.4	40.1	43.4	44.8	46.3
Uruguay	27.1	25.5	26.2	28.9	32.0	34.6	38.2	42.5	43.5	44.5
Panama	20.1	20.9	22.2	24.5	27.0	30.2	34.6	38.6	40.2	42.0
Honduras	20.0	21.1	22.5	24.1	25.6	28.2	30.8*	32.7	33.5	34.3
Paraguay	18.5	18.8	19.9	21.3	23.0	24.8	27.2	29.4	29.8	30.4
Trinidad and Tobago	13.8	15.2	17.8	19.8	20.2	23.6	25.6*	27.0	27.4	28.1
Jamaica	15.8	16.2	17.1	17.9	18.8	19.9	20.8*	21.0	20.6	20.6
Nicaragua	11.3	11.6	12.1	13.0	13.9	14.9	15.8	16.6	16.9	17.1
Haiti	9.2	9.4	9.6	9.4	10.0	10.5	11.2	11.6	11.8	12.1
Barbados	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.5	4.8	5.1*	5.2	5.1	5.2

\* Estimates/ projected values.

Note: Countries listed from largest to smallest economies according to 2008 GDP-PPP.

Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2009 Edition, IMF,  
<http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2008/01/weodata/index.aspx>. Accessed July 2, 2009.

**GDP Growth (Annual growth rate percentages)**

<b>COUNTRY</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009*</b>	<b>2010*</b>
Argentina	-4.4	-10.9	8.8	9.0	9.2	8.5	8.7	7.0	-1.5	0.7
Barbados	-2.6	0.7	2.0	4.8	3.9	3.2	3.4	0.6*	-3.5	0.5
Bolivia	1.7	2.5	2.7	4.2	4.4	4.8	4.6	5.9	2.2	2.9
Brazil	1.3	2.7	1.1	5.7	3.2	4.0	5.7	5.1	-1.3	2.2
Chile	3.5	2.2	4.0	6.0	5.6	4.6	4.7	3.2	0.1	3.0
Colombia	2.2	2.5	4.6	4.7	5.7	6.9	7.5	2.5*	0.0	1.3
Costa Rica	1.1	2.9	6.4	4.3	5.9	8.8	7.8	2.9	0.5	1.5
Dominican Republic	1.8	5.8	-0.3	1.3	9.3	10.7	8.5	4.8	0.5	2.0
Ecuador	5.3	4.2	3.6	8.0	6.0	3.9	2.5	5.3*	-2.0	1.0
El Salvador	1.7	2.3	2.3	1.9	3.1	4.2	4.7	2.5	0.0	0.5
Guatemala	2.4	3.9	2.5	3.2	3.3	5.4	6.3	4.0	1.0	1.8
Haiti	-1.0	-0.3	0.4	-3.5	1.8	2.3	3.4	1.3*	1.0	2.0
Honduras	2.7	3.8	4.5	6.2	6.1	6.7	6.3	4.0*	1.5	1.9
Jamaica	1.3	1.0	3.5	1.4	1.0	2.7	1.4	-1.2*	-2.6	-0.3
Mexico	-0.2	0.8	1.7	4.0	3.2	5.1	3.3	1.3*	-3.7	1.0
Nicaragua	3.0	0.8	2.5	5.3	4.4	3.9	3.2	3.0	0.5	1.0
Panama	0.6	2.2	4.2	7.5	7.2	8.5	11.5	9.2	3.0	4.0
Paraguay	2.1	0.0	3.8	4.1	2.9	4.3	6.8	5.8	0.5	1.5
Peru	0.2	5.0	4.0	5.0	6.8	7.7	8.9	9.8	3.5	4.5
Trinidad and Tobago	3.8	7.9	14.4	7.8	5.4	13.3	5.5	3.4*	0.5	2.0
Uruguay	-3.8	-7.7	0.8	5.0	7.5	4.6	7.6	8.9	1.3	2.0
Venezuela	3.4	-8.9	-7.8	18.3	10.3	10.3	8.4	4.8	-2.2	-0.5
LAC Average **	1.2	1.1	3.2	5.2	5.3	6.1	5.9	4.3	0.0	1.7

\* Projected/ estimated values.

\*\* Average of countries listed above.

Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2009 Edition, IMF,  
<http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2009/01/weodata/index.aspx>. Accessed July 2, 2009.

**GDP Per Capita (US \$, thousands)\*\*\***

<b>COUNTRY</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008*</b>	<b>2009*</b>	<b>2010*</b>
Trinidad and Tobago	7.0	7.1	8.8	10.2	12.4	14.9	16.7	19.0	19.1	20.2
Barbados	9.5	9.1	9.9	10.4	11.0	11.6	12.4	13.4	13.8	14.5
Venezuela	5.0	3.7	3.3	4.4	5.5	6.8	8.3	11.4	10.3	10.4
Mexico	6.8	7.0	6.9	7.4	8.2	9.1	9.7	10.2	7.7	8.0
Chile	4.5	4.3	4.7	6.0	7.3	8.9	9.9	10.1	8.0	7.9
Uruguay	6.3	4.0	3.6	4.0	5.5	6.3	7.6	10.1	9.1	9.3
Argentina	7.2	2.6	3.4	4.0	4.7	5.5	6.6	8.2	7.7	7.7
Brazil	3.2	2.9	3.1	3.7	4.8	5.8	7.0	8.2	6.5	6.7
Panama	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.2	5.8	6.8	7.2	7.6
Costa Rica	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.9	6.6	6.6	6.6
<b>LAC Average **</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>6.2</b>
Jamaica	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.7	4.3	4.6	5.3	4.7	4.8
Dominican Republic	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.6	3.9	4.1	4.7	5.1	5.1	5.5
Colombia	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.5	3.1	3.5	4.4	5.0	4.0	4.1
Peru	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.5	4.2	4.4
El Salvador	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.8	4.0	4.0
Ecuador	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.8	3.6	3.7
Guatemala	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.7
Paraguay	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.6	2.4	2.4
Honduras	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3
Bolivia	0.95	0.90	0.90	0.96	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.9
Nicaragua	0.79	0.75	0.73	0.79	0.84	0.89	0.94	1.03	1.04	1.04
Haiti	0.47	0.44	0.37	0.43	0.52	0.57	0.71	0.79	0.79	0.81

\* Estimated/projected values.

\*\* Average of countries listed above.

\*\*\* Note: Due to population data limitations, many of the numbers above are IMF estimates.

Countries listed from largest to smallest GDP per capita (2008).

Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2009 Edition, IMF, <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2009/01/weodata/index.aspx>. Accessed July 2, 2009.

**GDP Per Capita (PPP, US \$, thousands)\*\*\***

<b>COUNTRY</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008*</b>	<b>2009*</b>	<b>2010*</b>
Trinidad and Tobago	10.9	11.9	13.9	15.3	15.6	18.2	19.7	20.7	21.0	21.4
Barbados	13.9	14.2	14.7	15.8	16.5	17.5	18.6	19.0	18.5	18.6
Mexico	10.8	10.9	11.2	12.1	12.6	13.5	14.2	14.6	14.0	14.1
Chile	9.9	10.2	10.7	11.5	12.2	13.1	13.9	14.51	14.46	14.8
Argentina	8.9	8.0	8.8	9.8	10.9	12.1	13.3	14.4	14.2	14.2
Uruguay	8.1	7.6	7.8	8.5	10.0	10.8	11.9	13.3	13.6	13.9
Venezuela	8.9	8.1	7.5	8.9	10.0	11.2	12.2	12.8	12.4	12.1
Panama	6.7	6.8	7.1	7.7	8.4	9.2	10.4	11.3	11.6	11.9
Costa Rica	7.2	7.4	7.8	8.2	8.7	9.6	10.4	10.8	10.7	10.8
Brazil	7.3	7.6	7.7	8.2	8.6	9.1	9.7	10.3	10.2	10.3
LAC Average**	6.35	6.40	6.69	7.21	7.69	8.34	8.97	9.45	9.39	9.49
Peru	5.1	5.4	5.6	6.0	6.5	7.1	7.8	8.6	8.8	9.1
Colombia	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.3	6.7	7.3	8.0	8.22	8.16	8.17
Jamaica	6.04	6.18	6.50	6.75	7.06	7.45	7.73	7.77	7.60	7.57
Ecuador	5.30	5.40	5.63	6.15	6.67	6.98	7.24	7.69	7.50	7.50
El Salvador	5.41	5.59	5.80	6.01	6.37	6.80	7.26	7.55	7.57	7.59
Guatemala	3.81	3.93	4.02	4.11	4.19	4.44	4.72	4.90	4.87	4.86
Paraguay	3.41	3.40	3.54	3.74	3.97	4.19	4.51	4.78	4.75	4.75
Bolivia	3.16	3.22	3.30	3.45	3.66	3.88	4.08	4.33	4.38	4.44
Honduras	3.04	3.13	3.27	3.42	3.56	3.83	4.10	4.27	4.28	4.29
Guyana	2.88	2.95	2.98	3.15	3.29	3.56	3.84	4.04	4.17	4.31
Nicaragua	2.17	2.17	2.21	2.31	2.41	2.53	2.61	2.69	2.67	2.65
Haiti	1.20	1.19	1.20	1.15	1.20	1.24	1.29	1.32	1.32	1.33

\* Estimated/projected values.

\*\* Average of countries listed above.

\*\*\* Note: Due to population data limitations, many of the numbers above are IMF estimates.

Countries listed from largest to smallest GDP per capita (2008).

Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2009 Edition, IMF, <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2009/01/weodata/index.aspx>. Accessed July 2, 2009.

### Inflation: Consumer Price Variation

COUNTRY	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008*	2009*	2010*
Argentina	-1.1	25.9	13.4	4.4	9.6	10.9	8.8	8.6	6.7	7.3
Barbados	2.6	-1.2	1.6	1.4	6.1	7.3	4.0	8.3	1.4	1.9
Bolivia	1.6	0.9	3.3	4.4	5.4	4.3	8.7	14.0	6.5	6.1
Brazil	6.8	8.4	14.8	6.6	6.9	4.2	3.6	5.7	4.8	4.0
Chile	3.6	2.5	2.8	1.1	3.1	3.4	4.4	8.7	2.9	3.5
Colombia	8.0	6.3	7.1	5.9	5.0	4.3	5.5	7.0	5.4	4.0
Costa Rica	11.3	9.2	9.4	12.3	13.8	11.5	9.4	13.4	10.0	7.5
Dominican Republic	8.9	5.2	27.5	51.5	4.2	7.6	6.1	10.6	1.7	5.8
Ecuador	37.7	12.6	7.9	2.7	2.1	3.3	2.3*	8.4	4.0	3.0
El Salvador	3.8	1.9	2.1	4.5	4.7	4.0	4.6	7.3	1.8	2.4
Guatemala	7.3	8.1	5.6	7.6	9.1	6.6	6.8	11.4	4.8	5.7
Haiti	16.5	9.3	26.7	28.3	16.8	14.2	9.0	14.4	7.1	8.3
Honduras	9.7	7.7	7.7	8.1	8.8	5.6	6.9	11.4	9.5	8.6
Jamaica	6.9	7.0	10.1	13.5	15.1	8.5	9.3*	22.0	9.1	9.5
Mexico	6.4	5.0	4.5	4.7	4.0	3.6	4.0	5.1	4.8	3.4
Nicaragua	4.7	4.0	6.5	8.5	9.6	9.1	11.1	19.9	7.5	7.2
Panama	0.3	1.0	0.6	0.5	2.9	2.5	4.2	8.8	3.7	2.9
Paraguay	7.3	10.5	14.2	4.3	6.8	9.6	8.1	10.2	4.7	5.6
Peru	2.0	0.2	2.3	3.3	1.6	2.0	1.8	5.8	4.1	2.5
Trinidad and Tobago	5.5	4.2	3.8	3.7	6.9	8.3	7.9*	12.1	7.3	5.0
Uruguay	4.4	14.0	19.4	9.2	4.7	6.4	8.1	7.9	7.0	6.7
Venezuela	12.5	22.4	31.1	21.7	16.0	13.7	18.7	30.4	36.5	43.5
LAC Average **	7.6	7.5	10.1	9.5	7.4	6.9	7.0	11.4	6.9	7.0

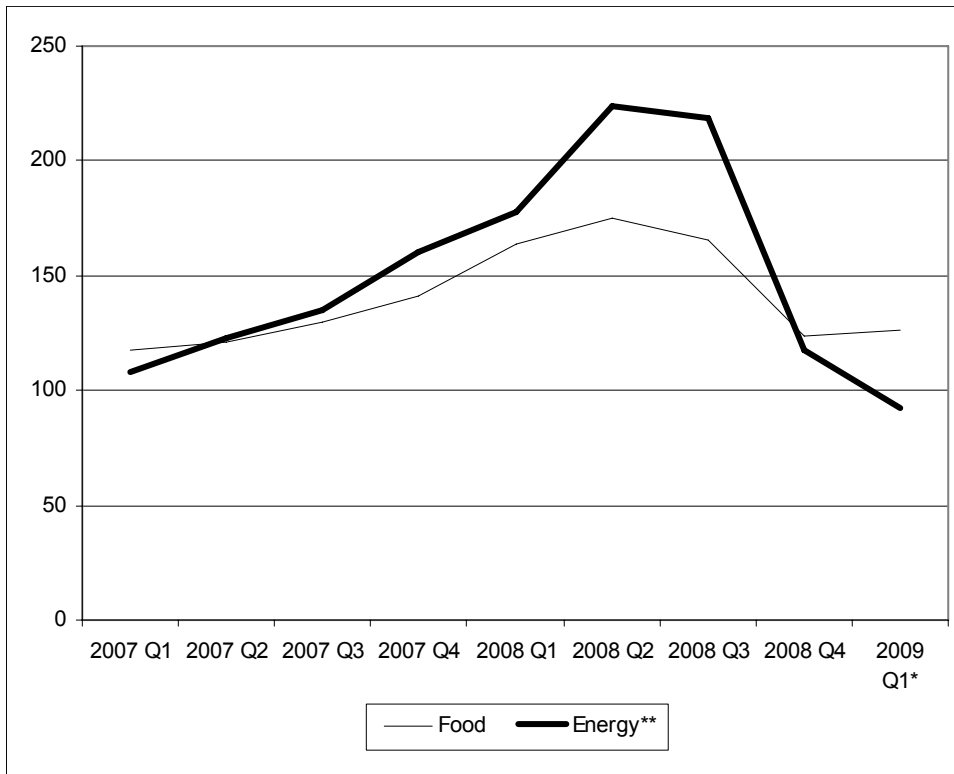
\* Estimates/ projected values.

\*\* Average of countries listed above.

Note: Data for inflation are averages for the year, not end-of-period data.

Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2009 Edition, IMF, <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2009/01/weodata/index.aspx>. Accessed June 26, 2009.

### World Food and Energy Prices (2005=100, dollars)



	Food	Energy**
2007 Q1	117.6	108.3
2007 Q2	120.8	122.8
2007 Q3	130	135.2
2007 Q4	140.8	160.5
2008 Q1	163.7	177.9
2008 Q2	174.8	223.8
2008 Q3	165.7	218.9
2008 Q4	123.9	117.3
2009 Q1*	126.1	92.6

Notes: Weights based on 2002-2004 average world export earnings.

\* Provisional.

\*\* Includes petroleum, natural gas and coal.

Source: Indices of Primary Commodity Prices, IMF, <http://www.imf.org/external/np/res/commod/table1a.pdf>. Last updated: June 28, 2009.

## II. TRADE AND INVESTMENT INDICATORS:

### Current Account Balance (US \$ Billions)

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008*	2009*	2010*
Argentina	-3.8	8.7	8.1	3.1	3	4.9	4.3	4.4	3.2	5.6
Bolivia	-0.3	-0.3	0.1	0.3	0.6	1.3	1.8	2.0	-0.4	-0.2
Brazil	-23.2	-7.6	4.2	11.7	14	13.6	1.6	-28.3	-23.1	-23.8
Chile	-1.1	-0.6	-0.8	2.1	1.4	7.2	7.2	-3.4	-6.5	-6.8
Colombia	-1.1	-1.4	-1.0	-0.9	-1.9	-3	-5.9	-6.8	-7.7	-6.8
Ecuador	-0.7	-1.2	-0.4	-0.5	0.3	1.6	1.1	1.2	-1.8	-1.2
Mexico	-17.7	-14.1	-7.2	-5.2	-4.4	-4.4	-8.2	-15.5	-20.8	-18.8
Peru	-1.1	-1.1	-0.9	0.0	1.1	2.8	1.5	-4.2	-4.1	-4.1
Venezuela	2.0	7.6	11.8	15.5	25.5	27.2	20	39.2	-1.2	12.5

\* Projected values.

Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2009 Edition, IMF,  
<http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2009/01/weodata/index.aspx>. Accessed July 8, 2009.

### Real Effective Exchange Rates, 1999-2008 (Annual averages; Index: 2000=100, deflated by CPI)

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007*	2008**
Argentina	100	100	96	226	205	213	213	218	223	237
Bolivia	99	100	101	96	104	109	117	119	118	114
Brazil	108	100	120	133	131	124	100	89	82	75
Chile	98	100	112	109	115	109	103	101	102	95
Colombia	92	100	104	106	120	107	97	96	85	79
Ecuador	89	100	71	62	60	62	65	65	69	71
Mexico	108	100	94	94	105	108	105	105	105	104
Peru	102	100	98	96	100	100	101	104	105	102
Venezuela	103	100	95	125	141	140	141	132	118	102
LAC Average**	101	100	99	111	121	120	112	109	105	100

\* Preliminary figures.

\*\* January-October averages.

Sources: UN Economic Council for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), *Economic Survey of Latin America and the Caribbean*, 2007-2008.

**Net Foreign Direct Investment (US \$ billions)**

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007*</b>
Argentina	2.0	2.8	0.9	3.4	4.0	2.9	4.6
Bolivia	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.1	-0.3	0.3	0.2
Brazil	24.2	14.1	9.9	8.3	12.6	-9.4	27.5
Chile	2.6	2.2	2.7	5.6	4.8	4.5	10.6
Colombia	2.5	1.3	0.8	2.9	5.6	5.4	8.7
Ecuador	1.3	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.2
Mexico	23.0	22.2	15.3	18.5	14.5	13.5	16.4
Peru	1.1	2.2	1.3	1.6	2.6	3.5	5.3
Venezuela	3.5	-0.2	0.7	0.9	1.4	-2.7	-1.6
<b>LAC Total*</b>	<b>65.8</b>	<b>50.8</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>48.7</b>	<b>53.2</b>	<b>29.4</b>	<b>83.5</b>

\* Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Dominican Republic, Uruguay, and Venezuela.

Source: ECLAC/CEPAL, *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

**Exports and Imports in Relation to GDP\* (Percentage)**

	<b>1995</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>
Chile	56	61	72	74	77	80
Bolivia	50	46	58	68	75	71
Ecuador	54	68	57	63	67	69
Mexico	53	58	55	56	58	58
Venezuela	50	48	55	60	57	56
Peru	31	34	39	44	48	51
<b>LAC Average**</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>47</b>
Argentina	20	22	43	44	44	45
Colombia	32	36	39	38	40	38
Brazil	16	22	29	27	26	27

\* Reflects the level of dependency or vulnerability in the international economy. Based on figures in millions of dollars.

\*\* Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Dominican Republic, Uruguay, and Venezuela; does not include Cuba.

Note: Countries listed in order of economic openness (2007).

Source: ECLAC/CEPAL *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

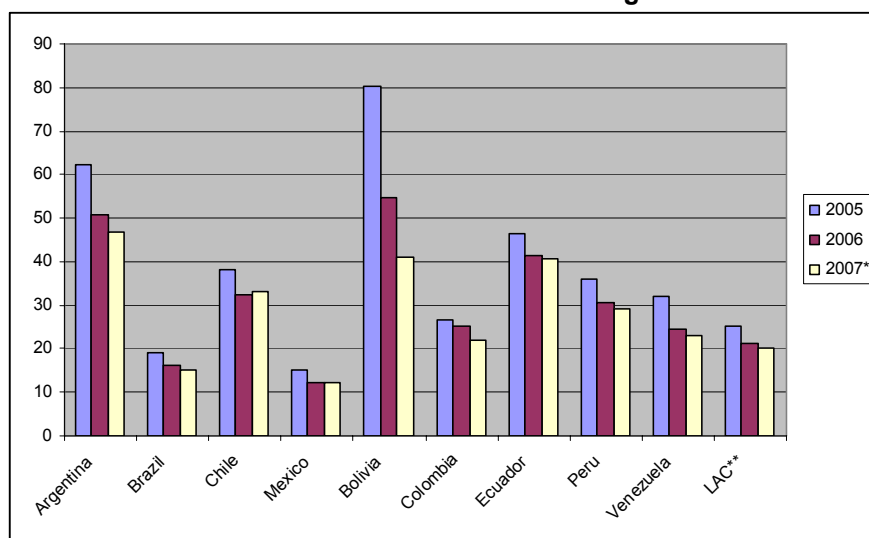
**Total External Debt (year-end balance in US\$ billions)**

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007*
Argentina	166	157	165	171	114	109	123
Bolivia	6.86	6.95	7.71	7.56	7.67	6.27	5.36
Brazil	210	211	215	201	169	173	193
Chile	38.5	40.5	43.1	43.5	44.9	47.6	54.1
Colombia	39.1	37.3	38.0	39.4	38.5	40.1	44.7
Ecuador	14.4	16.2	16.8	17.2	17.2	17.1	17.5
Mexico	145	135	132	131	128	117	125
Peru	27.2	27.9	29.6	31.2	28.7	28.3	31.4
Venezuela	35.4	35.5	40.5	43.7	46.4	45.0	52.9
LAC Total**	748	737	765	762	672	661	728

**Total External Debt as Percentage of GDP\***

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007*
Mexico	21	19	19	17	15	12.3	12.2
Brazil	38	42	39	30	20	16	15
LAC Average**	36	40	40	35	25	21	20
Colombia	42	40	41	35	27	25	22
Venezuela	29	38	48	39	32	24	23
Peru	50	49	48	45	36	31	29
Chile	56	60	58	46	38	32.5	33
Ecuador	68	65	59	53	46	41.3	40.7
Bolivia	84	88	95	86	80	55	41
Argentina	62	154	127	112	62	51	47

**Chart. Total External Debt as Percentage of GDP**



\* Arranged from lowest to highest percentage of GDP.

\*\* Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Dominican Republic, Uruguay, and Venezuela.

Source: ECLAC/CEPAL, *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

**COMPETITIVENESS INDEXES FOR ANDEAN COUNTRIES**  
**Global Competitiveness Index 2008-2009**

	Rank (out of 134 countries/economies)				
	Bolivia	Colombia	Ecuador	Peru	Venezuela
<b>Global Competitiveness Index 2008-2009</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>105</b>
Last Year: GCI 2007-2008 (out of 131)	105	69	103	86	98
					<b>1</b>
<b>Subindex A: Basic requirements</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>111</b>
1st pillar: Institutions	131	87	129	101	134
2nd pillar: Infrastructure	126	80	108	110	109
3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability	77	88	16	67	110
4th pillar: Health and primary education	93	67	92	95	74
<b>Subindex B: Efficiency enhancers</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>94</b>
5th pillar: Higher education and training	96	68	115	89	79
6th pillar: Goods market efficiency	131	82	129	61	132
7th pillar: Labor market efficiency	129	92	122	75	131
8th pillar: Financial market sophistication	119	81	125	45	116
9th pillar: Technological readiness	133	80	104	87	86
10th pillar: Market size	87	37	61	50	36
<b>Subindex C: Innovation and sophistication factors</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>116</b>
11th pillar: Business sophistication	133	64	99	67	115
12th pillar: Innovation	133	61	129	100	115

**In Comparative Perspective...**

Country/Economy	GCI 2008-2009 rank (out of 133)	GCI 2008-2009 score (out of 7)	GCI 2007-2008 rank (out of 131)
United States	1	5.74	1
Japan	9	5.38	8
Canada	10	5.37	13
Chile	28	4.72	26
China	30	4.70	34
India	50	4.33	48
Panama	58	4.24	59
Costa Rica	59	4.23	63
Mexico	60	4.23	52
Brazil	64	4.13	72
Colombia	74	4.05	69
Argentina	88	3.87	85
Ecuador	104	3.58	103
Venezuela	105	3.56	98
Bolivia	118	3.42	105
Nicaragua	120	3.41	111
Paraguay	124	3.40	121

Source: World Economic Forum, "Global Competitiveness Report 2008-2009." <http://www.gcr.weforum.org/>. Last accessed July 30, 2009.

### III. SOCIAL INDICATORS :

#### Population Growth, by age group (average annual rate per thousands inhabitants)

	Age group 0-14 years		Age group 15-59 years		Age group 60 years and over	
	1975-2000	2000-2025*	1975-2000	2000-2025*	1975-2000	2000-2025*
Argentina	12	0.5	13.8	11.1	20.3	18.5
Bolivia	19.4	5.8	24.9	23.6	28.4	31.8
Brazil	4.8	2.6	24.9	9.6	28.7	37.2
Chile	5.1	0.0	19.6	8.9	25.8	33.2
Colombia	9.2	2.0	27.2	14.9	28.6	40.8
Ecuador	13.8	-0.6	30.9	16.6	29.2	37.5
México	7.1	-3.3	29.6	13.2	28.7	37.7
Peru	12.5	-1.6	26.7	16.2	31.2	35.2
Venezuela	16.0	1.0	31.1	16.6	37.3	42.4

\* Projected values.

Source: ECLAC, *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

#### Unemployment Rate (annual average rate)

	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008*	Coverage
Argentina	15.1	11.6	10.2	8.5	8	Urban Areas
Bolivia	7.5	8.1	8	7.7	...	Urban Areas
Brazil	7.1	9.8	10	9.3	7.9	Six metropolitan areas
Chile	9.7	9.2	7.7	7.1	7.7	National
Colombia	17.3	13.9	12.9	11.4	11.5	13 metropolitan areas
Costa Rica	5.3	6.9	6	4.8	4.8	Urban Areas
Cuba	5.4	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	National
Ecuador	9	8.5	8.1	7.4	6.9	Urban Areas
El Salvador	6.5	7.3	5.7	5.8	...	Urban Areas
Honduras	...	6.5	4.9	4	...	Urban Areas
Jamaica	15.5	11.3	10.3	9.9	11.1	National
México	3.4	4.7	4.6	4.8	4.9	Urban Areas
Nicaragua	7.8	7	7	6.9	...	Urban Areas
Panamá	15.2	12.1	10.4	7.8	6.5	Urban Areas
Paraguay	10	7.6	8.9	7.2	...	Urban Areas
Peru	8.5	9.6	8.5	8.4	8.3	Lima Metropolitan
Dominican Republic	13.9	18	16.2	15.6	14	National
Uruguay	13.6	12.2	11.4	9.6	7.9	Urban Areas
Venezuela	13.9	12.4	10	8.4	7.4	National
LAC Average**	10.4	9.1	8.6	7.9	7.5	

\* Preliminary figures.

\*\* Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Dominican Republic, Uruguay, and Venezuela.

Source: ECLAC, *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

## INEQUALITY:

### SELECTED COUNTRIES: DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME OR CONSUMPTION

	Latest GINI*	Survey Year	Percentage Share of Income or Consumption				Inequality Measure	
			Poorest 10%	Poorest 20%	Richest 20%	Richest 10%	Richest 10% to poorest 10%	Richest 10% to poorest 20%
Brazil	0.59	2004	0.9	2.8	61.1	44.8	51.3	21.8
Colombia	0.58	2003	0.7	2.5	62.7	46.9	63.8	25.3
Bolivia	0.57	2002	0.3	1.5	63.0	47.2	168.1	42.3
Ecuador	0.54	1998	0.9	3.3	58.0	41.6	44.9	17.3
Chile	0.52	2003	1.4	3.8	60.0	45.0	33.0	15.7
Peru	0.51	2003	1.3	3.7	56.7	40.9	30.4	15.2
Argentina	0.51	2004	0.9	3.1	55.4	38.2	40.9	17.8
Mexico	0.51	2004	1.6	4.3	55.1	39.4	24.6	12.8
Venezuela	0.43	2003	0.7	3.3	52.1	35.2	48.3	16.0
United States	0.41	2000	1.9	5.4	45.8	29.9	15.9	8.4
Canada	0.33	2000	2.6	7.2	39.9	24.8	9.4	5.5

\*See table below for corresponding dates. Data for U.S. and Canada is from 2007.

Note: Countries arranged by GINI coefficient. However, because of differences in measurement of income, GINI may not be strictly comparable across countries.

Source: United Nations Development Program (UNDP), *Human Development Report Annual Report*, 2008.

### GINI COEFFICIENT\*\*

	Year	GINI
Argentina	1990	...
	1999	0.54
	2006	0.51
Bolivia	1989	...
	1999	0.59
	2007	0.57
Brazil	1990	0.63
	1999	0.64
	2007	0.59
Chile	1990	0.55
	2000	0.56
	2006	0.52
Colombia	1994	0.60
	1999	0.57
	2005	0.58
Costa Rica	1990	0.44
	1999	0.47
	2007	0.48
Ecuador	1990	0.46*
	1999	0.52*
	2007	0.54
El Salvador	1995	0.51
	1999	0.52
	2004	0.49
Guatemala	1998	0.56
	2002	0.54
	2006	0.59
Honduras	1999	0.56
	2003	0.59
	2007	0.58
Mexico	1989	0.54
	2000	0.54
	2006	0.51
Nicaragua	1993	0.58
	1998	0.58
	2005	0.53
Panama	1991	0.56
	1999	0.54
	2007	0.52
Paraguay	1999	0.57
	2005	0.54
	2007	0.54
Peru	1997	0.53
	1999	0.55
	2004	0.51
Dominican Republic	2000	0.55
	2002	0.54
	2007	0.56
Uruguay	1990	0.49*
	1999	0.44*
	2007	0.46*
Venezuela	1990	0.47
	1999	0.50
	2007	0.43

\* Urban GINI; national data not available.

\*\* GINI is a measure of inequality: the closer to 1, the higher the level of inequality of wealth/income distribution.

Source: ECLAC, *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

## GENDER PARITY INDEX

### Urban Wage Ratio (Female/Male)\*

	Year	Total Percentage
Bolivia	1994	71.2
	2007	78.1
Colombia	1994	86.2
	2005	88.9
Ecuador	1994	77.1
	2007	91.4
Peru	1997	83.5
	2003	77.4
Venezuela	1994	84.8
	2007	96.9

	Year	Total Percentage
Argentina	1997	89.9
	2006	84.7
Brazil	1995	66.7
	2007	78
Chile	1994	74.6
	2006	83
Mexico	1994	74.5
	2006	79.7

\*Refers to the ratio of the average pay rate of urban women wage earners between 20 and 49 years of age, who work 35 hours or more per week, to the pay rate of men with the same characteristics.

Source: ECLAC, *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

### PARTICIPATION RATE IN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY (by sex)

	Women					Women to Men Ratio**				
	1995	2000	2005	2010*	2015*	1995	2000	2005	2010*	2015*
Argentina	40	45	49	51	54	0.53	0.60	0.66	0.69	0.71
Bolivia	55	60	61	63	65	0.67	0.73	0.75	0.77	0.79
Brazil	52	56	58	59	60	0.62	0.68	0.70	0.72	0.74
Chile	34	38	41	43	46	0.45	0.51	0.55	0.59	0.62
Colombia	47	55	57	58	60	0.58	0.67	0.69	0.71	0.73
Ecuador	37	45	48	51	53	0.44	0.54	0.57	0.61	0.64
Mexico	32	38	41	44	47	0.40	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.59
Peru	48	58	59	61	63	0.60	0.72	0.74	0.76	0.78
Venezuela	36	37	41	44	47	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.59	0.63

\* Projected values.

\*\* "Women to Men Ratio" is the ratio of women to men participating in economic activity.

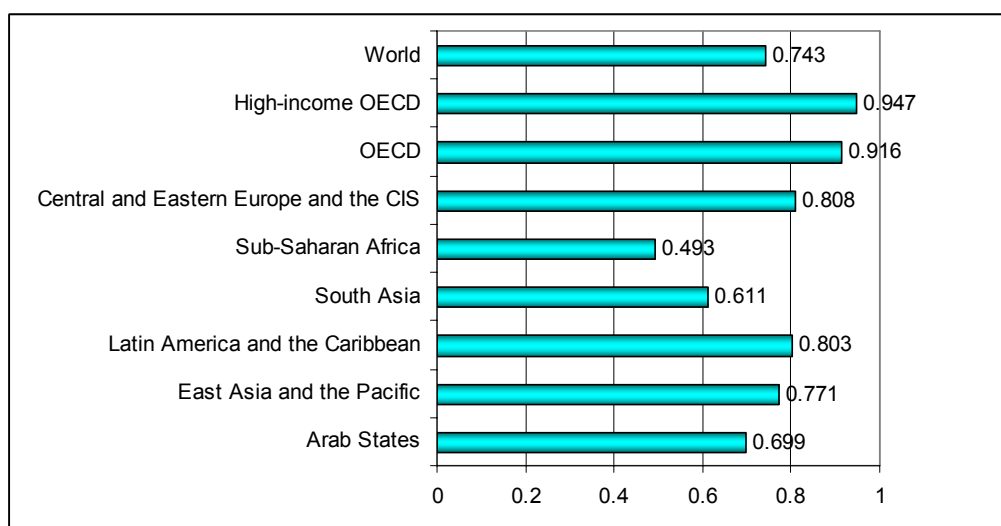
Source: ECLAC, *Statistical Yearbook*, 2008.

## HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX (HDI):

### Select Human Development Indicators (Ranked Highest to Lowest HDI)

HDI Rank (out of 179)	Select Latin American and Caribbean Countries	Human Development Index Value 2006	Life Expectancy at Birth, annual estimated (years) 2006	Adult Literacy Rate 2006	Combined Gross Enrollment ratio for primary, secondary and tertiary education (%) 2006
37	Barbados	0.889	76.9	...	83.9
40	Chile	0.874	78.4	96.4	82.5
46	Argentina	0.860	75.0	97.6	88.6
47	Uruguay	0.859	76.1	97.8	90.9
48	Cuba	0.855	77.9	99.8	94.8
50	Costa Rica	0.847	78.6	95.8	73.0
51	Mexico	0.842	75.8	91.7	80.2
57	Trinidad and Tobago	0.833	69.4	98.6	61.1
58	Panama	0.832	75.3	93.2	79.7
61	Venezuela	0.826	73.4	93.0	79.7
70	Brazil	0.807	72.0	89.6	87.2
72	Ecuador	0.807	74.8	92.4	78.3
79	Peru	0.788	71.0	88.7	88.1
80	Colombia	0.787	72.5	92.3	77.8
87	Jamaica	0.771	72.3	85.5	78.1
91	Dominican Republic	0.768	71.8	88.8	73.5
98	Paraguay	0.752	71.5	83.6	72.3
101	El Salvador	0.747	71.5	83.6	72.3
111	Bolivia	0.723	65.1	89.8	86.0
117	Honduras	0.714	69.7	82.6	74.8
120	Nicaragua	0.699	72.3	80.1	72.1
121	Guatemala	0.696	70.0	72.5	67.6
148	Haiti	0.521	60.0	61.0	51.3

### Human Development Index (HDI): Intra-Regional Comparisons (2005)



Source: United Nations Development Program (UNDP), *Human Development Report*, 2008.

**Education Indicators- Courtesy of PREAL\***

**I. Enrollment**

<b>Primary and Secondary Net Enrollment, by Country, 1997 and 2007 (Countries are ranked by 2007 enrollment rates)</b>					
<b>Primary</b>			<b>Secondary</b>		
<b>Country</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>Country</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>2007</b>
Spain	100	100	Korea	97	97
Argentina	100	98	Finland	93	97
Panama	..	98	Spain	..	95
Korea, Rep.	93	98	Poland	85	94
Mexico	100	98	Qatar	69	93
Cuba	99	98	OECD AVERAGE	91	91
Uruguay	93	97	United States	90	88
Belize	..	97	Cuba	57	86
Ecuador	97	97	Chile	58	85
Finland	98	96	Argentina	..	78
Peru	91	96	Brazil	19	77
Poland	97	96	Peru	55	76
Nicaragua	77	96	Jamaica	..	76
OECD AVERAGE	95	96	Trinidad and Tobago	..	73
Guatemala	72	95	South Africa	56	73
Bolivia	..	94	Mexico	51	72
Paraguay	91	94	Bolivia	..	70
Trinidad and Tobago	88	94	LATIN AMERICA & CARIBBEAN AVERAGE	59	71
Suriname	..	94	Suriname	..	68
Chile	89	94	Uruguay	..	68
Brazil	..	93	Venezuela	22	68
LATIN AMERICA & CARIBBEAN AVERAGE	91	93	Colombia	46	67
Honduras	..	93	Belize	..	67
Qatar	87	93	MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA AVERAGE	62	67
Czech Republic	89	93	Panama	..	64
EAST ASIA & PACIFIC AVERAGE	98	93	Dominican Republic	29	61
El Salvador	78	92	Philippines	59	61
United States	95	92	Ecuador	7	59
Venezuela	84	92	WORLD AVERAGE	..	59
Philippines	100	91	Paraguay	38	57
MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA AVERAGE	87	90	El Salvador	22	54
World Average	..	87	Nicaragua	33	46
Colombia	85	87	Costa Rica	40	41
Jamaica	..	86	Guatemala	..	38
South Africa	98	86	SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA AVERAGE	..	27
Dominican Republic	84	82	Haiti	..	..
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA AVERAGE	..	72	Honduras	..	..
Costa Rica	89	..	Czech Republic	87	..
Haiti	56	..	EAST ASIA & PACIFIC AVERAGE	..	..

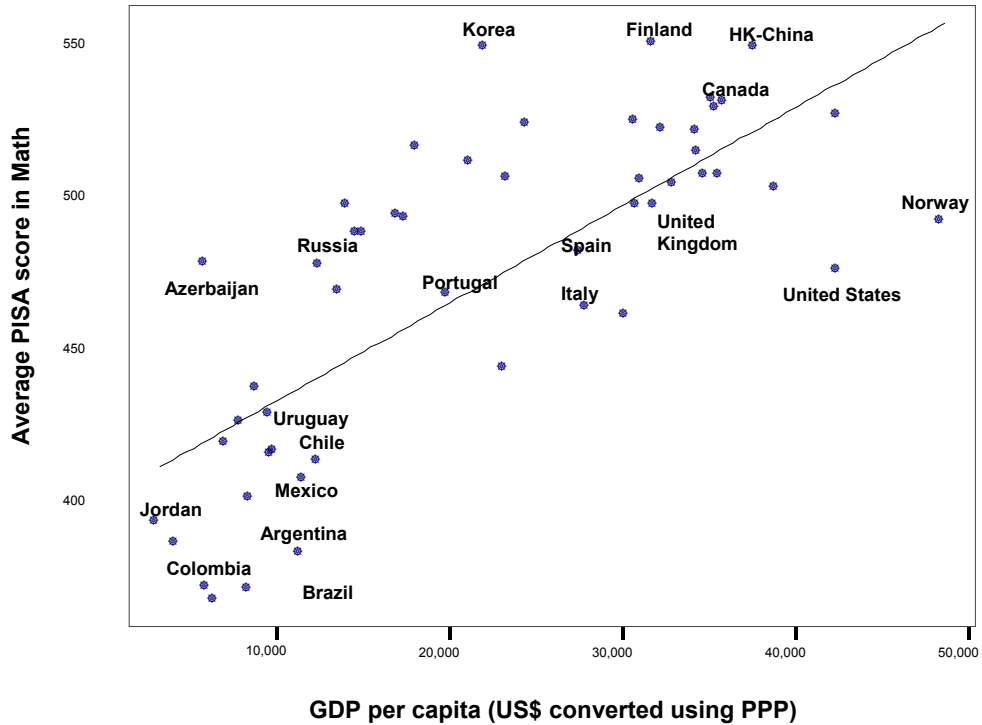
Source: World Bank Edstats Online Database. Last accessed: September, 2009.

Notes: (1) Data are for the most recent year within two years of the date listed. (2) Latin America and Caribbean 59 average for secondary NER corresponds to 1999.

\* The Partnership for Educational Revitalization in the Americas (PREAL), <http://www.thedialogue.org/page.cfm?pageID=144>.

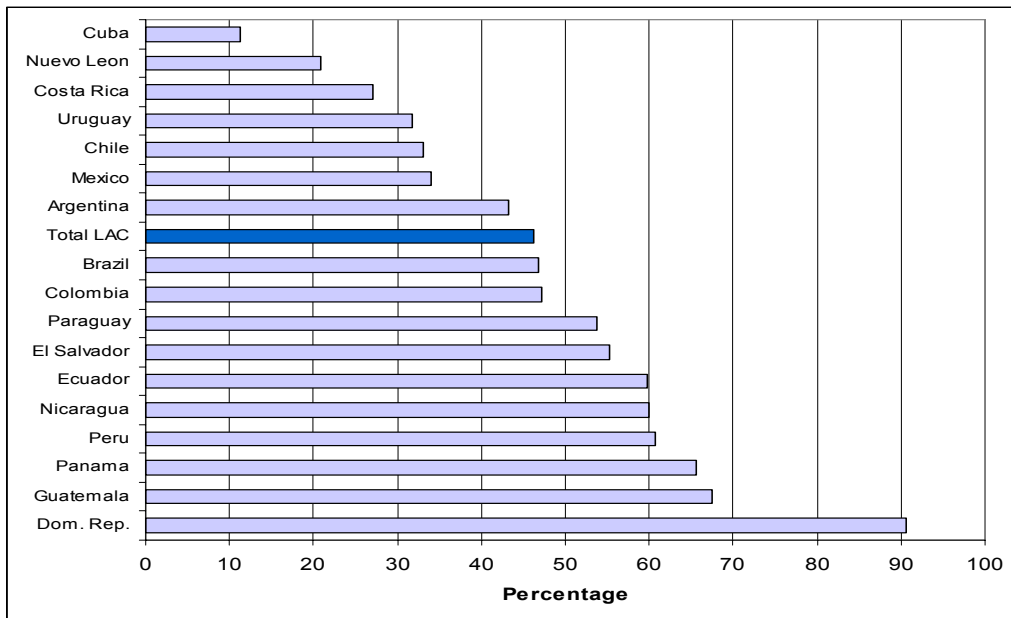
## II. Quality

**Student (15 year-olds) Performance on OECD PISA Math Test Compared to Average Income per Person (GDP), 2006**



Source: PREAL's calculation, based on World Bank Edstats Online Database. Last accessed: April 20, 2009.

**Third graders with lowest achievement (level 1 or below) on the SERCE math test, 2006**

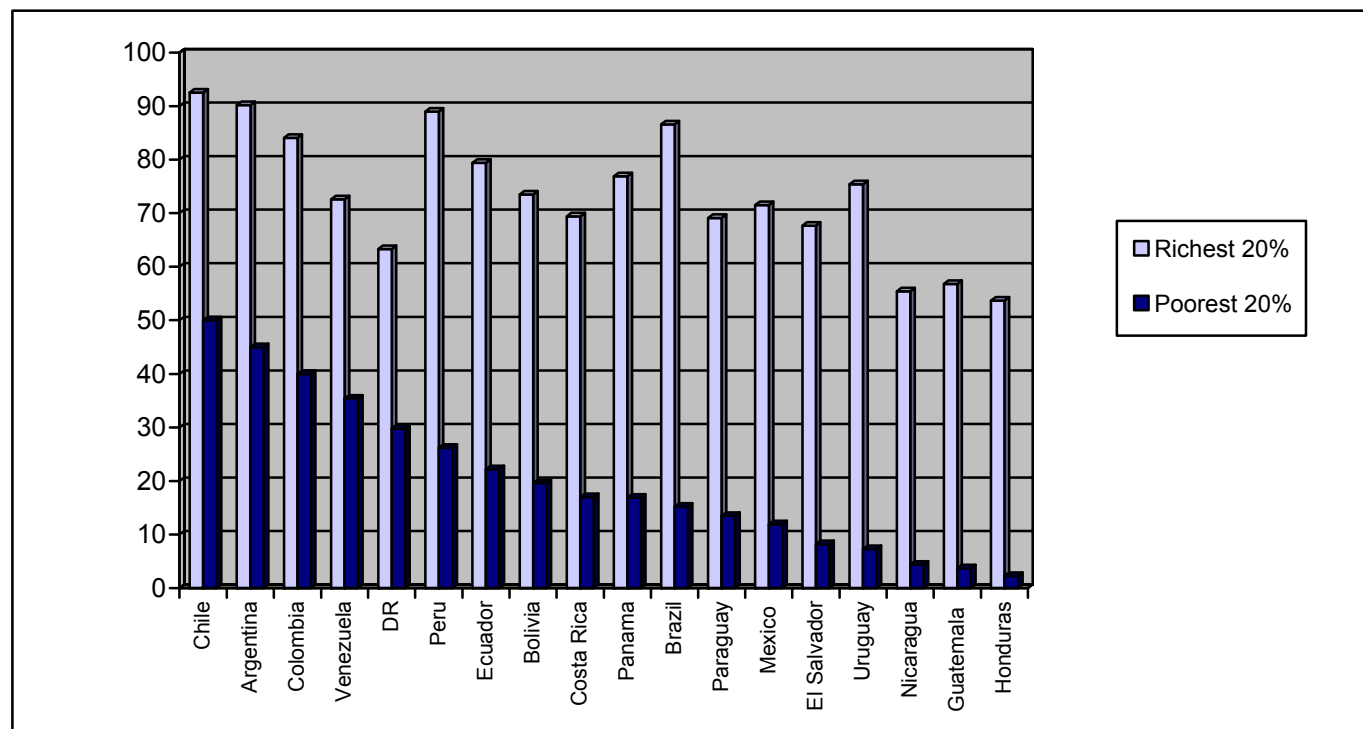


Source: SERCE (2008). *Executive Summary*. Table 4, p. 24.

Note: SERCE had four performance levels, ranging from Level 1 (lowest) to Level 4 (highest). SERCE also kept track of students performing below Level 1. For a description of what third graders can do at each level of the test see SERCE (2008). *Executive Summary*, Table 3, p. 23.

### III. Equity

**Population Aged 20-24 That Has Completed Upper Secondary Education,  
Poorest 20% V. Richest 20%**



Source: UNESCO/PRELAC (2007). *The State of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean*, p. 228.

### TECHNOLOGY AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS: DIFFUSION AND CREATION

	(Telephone mainlines per 1,000 people)	(Cellular mobile subscribers per 1,000 people)	Internet users (per 1,000 people)	Receipts of royalties and license fees (US \$ per person)	Research & development expenditures (as % of GDP)	Scientists and engineers in R&D (per million people)
	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005	2005
Argentina	227	570	177	1.4	0.4	720
Bolivia	70	264	52	0.2	0.3	120
Brazil	230	462	195	0.5	1.0	344
Chile	211	649	172	3.3	0.6	444
Colombia	168	479	104	0.2	0.2	109
Ecuador	129	472	47	0.0	0.1	50
Mexico	189	460	181	0.7	0.4	268
Peru	80	200	164	0.1	0.1	226
Venezuela	136	470	125	0.0	0.3	--
Latin America	--	439	156	1.1	0.6	256
Developing countries	132	229	86	--	1.0	--
OECD countries	441	785	445	104.2	2.4	3,096

Source: UNDP, *Human Development Indicators Report 2007/2008*.

[http://hdr.undp.org/en/media/HDR\\_20072008\\_EN\\_Indicator\\_tables.pdf](http://hdr.undp.org/en/media/HDR_20072008_EN_Indicator_tables.pdf) Accessed July 20, 2009.

## IV. ELECTION DATA

### A. RECENT AND UPCOMING ELECTIONS CALENDAR:

<b>Recent Elections</b>		
<b>Country</b>	<b>Election Type</b>	<b>Election Date-2009</b>
El Salvador	Legislative	18-Jan
El Salvador	Presidential	15-Mar
Ecuador	Both L & P	26-Apr
Panama	Both L & P	3-May
Argentina	Legislative	28-Jun
Mexico	Legislative	5-Jul

<b>Upcoming Elections 2009 and 2010</b>		
<b>Country</b>	<b>Election Type</b>	<b>Election Date</b>
Uruguay	Both L & P	25-Oct-2009
Honduras	Both L & P	29-Nov-2009
Bolivia	Both L & P	6-Dec-2009
Chile	Both L & P	11-Dec-2009
Costa Rica	Both L & P	4-Feb-2010
Colombia	Legislative	March-2010
Colombia	Presidential	May-2010
Dominican Republic	Legislative	May-2010
Brazil	Both L & P	3-Oct-2010
Venezuela	Legislative	Dec-2010
Haiti	Legislative	Year 2010

<b>Upcoming Elections 2011 and Beyond</b>		
Peru	Both L & P	Apr-2011
Guatemala	Both L & P	Aug-2011
Argentina	Presidential	Oct-2011
Nicaragua	Both L & P	Nov-2011
Haiti	Presidential	Year 2011
Dominican Republic	Presidential	May-2012
Mexico	Both L & P	1-Jul-2012
Venezuela	Presidential	Dec-2012
Paraguay	Both L & P	Apr-2013

## B. RECENT 2009 ELECTION RESULTS:

### EL SALVADOR- PRESIDENTIAL AND LEGISLATIVE

Presidential:

Candidates	Party	Valid Votes	%
Mauricio Funes	Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional (FMLN)	1,354,000	51.3
Rodrigo Ávila	Alianza Republicana Nacionalista (ARENA)	1,284,588	48.7



Legislative:

Party	Valid Votes	% of Valid Votes	Seats
Alianza Republicana Nacionalista (ARENA)	854,166	39	32
Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional (FMLN)	943,936	43	35
Partido Conciliación Nacional (PCN)	194,751	9	11
Partido Cristiano-Demócrata (PDC)	153,654	7	5
Cambio Democrático (CD)	46,971	2	1

Source: IFES Election Guide, <http://www.electionguide.org/results.php?ID=120>. Accessed July 20, 2009.

### ECUADOR- PRESIDENTIAL AND LEGISLATIVE

Main Candidates	Party	Valid Votes	% of Valid Votes
Rafael Correa	Movimiento Patria Altiva I Soberana (MPAIS)	3,586,439	52
Lucio Gutiérrez	Partido Sociedad Patriótica "21 De Enero" (PSP)	1,947,830	28
Álvaro Noboa	Partido Renovador Institucional Acción Nacional (PRIAN)	786,718	11
Martha Roldós Bucaram	Red Ética y Democracia (RED/MIPD)	298,765	4



Assembly Results:

Top Performing Parties	Valid Votes	% of Valid Votes	Seats
Movimiento Patria Altiva I Soberana (MPAIS)	1,662,597	46	59
Partido Sociedad Patriótica "21 De Enero" (PSP)	539,092	15	19
Partido Social Cristiano (PSC)	492,612	14	11
Partido Renovador Institucional Acción Nacional (PRIAN)	209,705	6	7
Partido Roldosista Ecuatoriano (PRE)	149,023	4	3
Partido Movimiento Popular Democrático (MPD)	146,729	4	5

Source: Consejo Nacional Electoral de Ecuador, [www.cne.gov.ec](http://www.cne.gov.ec). Accessed July 20, 2009.

## PANAMA- PRESIDENTIAL AND LEGISLATIVE

PRESIDENTIAL:

Candidates	Party	Votes	%
Ricardo Martinelli	Cambio Democrático, Unión Patriótica, Partido Panameñita, Movimiento Liberal Republicano Nacionalista	952,333	60
Balbina Herrera	Partido Revolucionario Democrático, Partido Popular, Partido Liberal	597,227	38
Guillermo Endara	Vanguardia Moral de la Patria	36,867	2



ASSEMBLY:

Alliances	Party	Votes	%	Seats
One Country for All	Partido Revolucionario Democrático (PRD)	537,426	35.7	26
	Partido Popular (PP)	55,598	3.7	1
	Partido Liberal (PL)	18,111	1.2	0
Alliance for Change	Cambio Democrático (CD)	352,319	23.4	13
	Partido Panameñita (PAN)	334,282	22.2	22
	Unión Patriótica (UP)	85,609	5.7	4
	Movimiento Liberal Republicano Nacionalista (MOLIRENA)	70,457	4.7	2

Source: Tribunal Electoral de Panama, <http://www.tribunal-electoral.gob.pa/elecciones/elecciones-2009/resultados/cuadro07-diputadocurules.xls>. Accessed July 20, 2009.

## ARGENTINA- LEGISLATIVE



Coalitions	Parties	Chamber of Deputies 127 out of 257 seats			Senate (24/72)
		Votes	%	Deputies	Senators
Left	Partido Justicialista /Frente Para la Victoria	5,891,330	31	47	8
Center-Left	Coalición Cívica/ Unión Cívica Radical	5,549,747	29	41	14
Center-Right	Propuesta Republicana	3,391,391	18	20	0
	Others	4,301,619	22	19	2
	Total	19,134,087	100	127	24

Source: Dirección Nacional Electoral Argentina.

## MÉXICO-LEGISLATIVE



Party	Votes	% of all votes	Seats	+/-
Partido Revolucionario Institucional (PRI)	12,591,855	37	241	135
Partido Acción Nacional (PAN)	9,549,798	28	147	-59
Partido de la Revolución Democrática (PRD)	4,164,393	12	72	-54
Partido Verde Ecologista de México (PVEM)	2,291,298	6.7	17	±0
Partido del Trabajo (PT)	1,258,341	3.9	9	-2
Partido Nueva Alianza (PNA)	1,164,999	3.4	8	-1
Partido Convergencia (PC)	850,777	2.5	6	-12
Partido Social Democrático (PSD)	353,261	1	0	-5

Source; Instituto Federal Electoral PREP, El Universal. [http://prep2009.ife.org.mx/PREP2009/index\\_prep2009.html](http://prep2009.ife.org.mx/PREP2009/index_prep2009.html), Accessed July 20, 2009.

## C. UPCOMING ELECTIONS—POLLING DATA<sup>1</sup>

### URUGUAY

	Jul. 2009 %	Mar. 2009 %	Nov. 2008 %
Frente Amplio (EP-FA)	45	45	42
Partido Nacional-Blanco (PN-B)	38	35	37
Partido Colorado (PC)	9	8	9
Partido Independiente (PI)	1	1.5	1.5
Asamblea del Pueblo (AP)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Undecided/Other	6.5	10	11

Source: Factum

Methodology: Face-to-face interviews with 963 Uruguayan adults, conducted from Jul. 24 to Jul. 29, 2009. Margin of error is 3.3 percent.

### BOLIVIA

Who would you vote for in the presidential election?	Percentage
Evo Morales	43
Víctor Hugo Cárdenas	11
Manfred Reyes Villa	10
Samuel Doria Medina	9
René Joaquino	4

Source: Equipos MORI / Poder y Placer

Methodology: Interviews with 2,100 Bolivian adults in Cochabamba, El Alto, La Paz, Santa Cruz, and Tarija, conducted in July 2009. Margin of error is 3.1 percent.

### CHILE

If the presidential election took place this Sunday, who would you vote for?*	Aug. 2009 %		Jul. 2009 %	
Sebastián Piñera	39		38	
Eduardo Frei	24		27	
Marco Enríquez-Ominami	20		15	
Adolfo Zaldívar	1		2	
Jorge Arrate	1		2	
Alejandro Navarro	-		1	
Not sure/ Would not vote	15		15	

Suppose these two candidates reach the second round of the presidential election. If this were the case, who would you vote for?***		
	Aug. 2009 %	Jul. 2009 %
Sebastián Piñera	45	43
Eduardo Frei	36	39
Not sure / Would not vote	19	18

Source: Universidad del Desarrollo / La Segunda

Methodology: Telephone interviews with 1,198 Chilean adults, conducted on Aug. 12, 2009. Margin of error is 2.68 percent.

### HONDURAS

Which candidate would you vote for in the next presidential election?	Nov. 2008 %
Porfirio Lobo Sosa (PN)	42
Elvin Santos (PL)	37
Other/Undecided	21

Source: CID-Gallup / La Prensa

Methodology: Interviews to 1,204 Honduran adults, conducted from Jun. 30 to Jul. 4, 2009. Margin of error is 2.8 percent.

<sup>1</sup> All polling data retrieved from the Angus Reid Global Monitor, <http://www.angus-reid.com/> Last accessed July 20, 2009.

## COSTA RICA

Which of these candidates would you vote for in the 2010 presidential election?

Option 1		
	Apr. 2009 %	Apr. 2008 %
Laura Chinchilla (PLN)	36	35
Ottón Solís (PAC)	29	30
Rafael Ángel Calderón (PUSC)	8	13
Otto Guevara (ML)	7	--
Other / None / Not sure	20	22

Option 2		
	Apr. 2009 %	Apr. 2008 %
Johnny Araya Monge (PLN)	35	33
Ottón Solís (PAC)	26	31
Rafael Ángel Calderón (PUSC)	8	15
Otto Guevara (ML)	7	--
Other / None / Not sure	24	21

Source: CID-Gallup

Methodology: Interviews with 1,188 Costa Rican adults, conducted from Mar. 27 to Apr. 6, 2009. Margin of error is 3 percent.

## COLOMBIA

Which of these candidates would you vote for in the next presidential election? (with Uribe as a candidate)	%
Álvaro Uribe	49.8
Sergio Fajardo	6.5
Juan Manuel Santos	5.2
Antanas Mockus	4.6
Germán Vargas Lleras	4.6
Andrés Felipe Arias	4.3
Noemi Sanín	3.6
Blank Vote	1.5
No reply / Not sure	6.7

Which of these candidates would you vote for in the next presidential election? (without Uribe)	%
Juan Manuel Santos	23.8
Andrés Felipe Arias	10.3
Sergio Fajardo	9.8
Germán Vargas Lleras	8.1
Noemí Sanín	7.5
Antanas Mockus	5.0
Carlos Gaviria	4.1
Blank Vote	6.1
No reply / Not sure	11.7

Source: Datexco

Methodology: Telephone interviews to 700 Colombian adults in 13 cities, conducted July 30, 2009. Margin of error is 3.7 percent.

## BRAZIL

Which of these candidates would you vote for in the next presidential election?	Aug. 2009 %	Mar. 2009 %	Nov. 2008 %
José Serra (PSDB)	37	41	41
Dilma Rousseff (PT)	16	11	8
Ciro Gomes (PSB)	15	16	15
Heloisa Helena (PSOL)	12	11	14
Blank vote /None of these	12	13	12

Source: Datafolha / Folha de Sao Paulo

Methodology: Telephone interviews with 4,100 Brazilian adults, conducted from Aug. 13 to Aug. 15, 2009. Margin of error is 2.2 percent.